## **Claims**

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the retina-specific human protein C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 or F379 or a protein exhibiting biological properties of C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 or F379 being selected from the group consisting of
  - (a) a nucleic acid molecule encoding a protein that comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in Seq. ID No. 24, 29, 31, 37 or 38;
  - (b) a nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence depicted in Seq. ID No. 2-23, 26-28, 32-34, 35 or 36;
- 10 (c) a nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleotide sequence depicted in Seq. ID No. 1, 25, 30 or 39-45;
  - (d) a nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule specified in (a) to (c);
  - (e) a nucleic acid molecule the nucleic acid sequence of which deviates from the nucleic sequences specified in (a) to (d) due to the degeneration of the genetic code; and
  - (f) a nucleic acid molecule, which represents a fragment, derivative or allelic variation of a nucleic acid sequence specified in (a) to (e).
- 20 2. A recombinant vector containing a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
  - 3. The recombinant vector of claim 2 wherein the nucleic acid molecule is operatively linked to regulatory elements allowing transcription and synthesis of a translatable RNA in prokaryotic and/or eukaryotic host cells.

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4. A recombinant host cell which contains the recombinant vector of claim 3.

- 5. The recombinant host cell of claim 4, which is a mammalian cell, a bacterial cell, an insect cell or a yeast cell.
- An isolated protein exhibiting biological properties of the retina-specific human
  protein C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 or F379 which is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
  - 7. A recombinant host cell that expresses the isolated protein of claim 6.
- 8. A method of making an isolated protein exhibiting biological properties of the retina-specific human protein C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 or F379 comprising:
  - (a) culturing the recombinant host cell of claim 6 under conditions such that said protein is expressed; and
  - (b) recovering said protein.

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- 9. The protein produced by the method of claim 8.
- 10. A nucleic acid molecule of at least 15 nucleotides in length hybridizing specifically with a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or with a complementary strand thereof.
- 11. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 10, which is an antisense RNA characterized in that it is complementary to an mRNA transcribed from a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or a part thereof and can selectively bind to said mRNA or part thereof, said sequence being capable of inhibiting the synthesis of the protein encoded by said nucleic acid molecule.

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- 12. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 10 which is a ribozyme characterized in that it is complementary to an mRNA transcribed from a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or a part thereof and can selectively bind to and cleave said mRNA or part thereof, thus inhibiting the synthesis of the protein encoded by said nucleic acid molecule.
- 13. An inhibitor characterized in that it can suppress the activity of a protein of claim 6.
- 14. A method for diagnosing macular degeneration or a predisposition for macular 10 degeneration which comprises contacting a target sample suspected to contain the retina-specific human protein C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 or the C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 encoding nucleic acid with a reagent which reacts with the C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 protein and/or 15 C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 encoding nucleic acid and detecting the C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 protein and/or C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 encoding nucleic acid, wherein the presence of a mutation within the C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 encoding nucleic acid, a chromosal rearrangement or abnormal levels of the C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 20 protein and/or C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 encoding mRNA are indicative for macular degeneration or a predisposition for macular degeneration.
  - 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the macular degeneration is AMD.
  - 16. The method of claim 14, wherein the reagent is a C7orf9-, C12orf7-, MPP4- or F379-specific nucleic acid probe.

- 17. The method of claim 14, wherein the reagent is an anti-C7orf9-, anti-C12orf7-, anti-MPP4 or anti-F379-antibody.
- 18. The method of claim 14, wherein the reagent is detectably labeled.

- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the label is selected from the group consisting of a radioisotope, a bioluminescent compound, a chemoluminescent compound, a fluorescent compound, a metal chelate, or an enzyme.
- 20. A method for treating macular degeneration or a predisposition for macular degeneration which comprises administering to a mammalian subject a therapeutically effective amount of a reagent which decreases, inhibits or increases expression of C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 or which leads to the expression of a biologically active C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 and/or F379 protein.
  - 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the macular degeneration is AMD.
- 22. The method of claim 20, wherein the reagent is a nucleotide sequence comprising an antisense RNA characterized in that it is complementary to an mRNA transcribed from a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or a part thereof and can selectively bind to said mRNA or part thereof, said sequence being capable of inhibiting the synthesis of the protein encoded by said nucleic acid molecule.
- 23. The method of claim 20, wherein the reagent is a nucleotide sequence comprising a ribozyme characterized in that it is complementary to an mRNA transcribed from a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 or a part thereof and can

selectively bind to and cleave said mRNA or part thereof, thus inhibiting the synthesis of the protein encoded by said nucleic acid molecule.

- 24. The method of claim 20, wherein the reagent is an inhibitor of C7orf9-, C12orf7-, MPP4- and/or F379-protein.
  - 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the inhibitor is an anti-C7orf9-, anti-C12orf7-, anti-MPP4- or anti-F379-antibody or a fragment thereof.
- 10 26. The method of claim 20, wherein the reagent is the recombinant vector of claim 2
  - 27. The method of claim 20, wherein the reagent is an isolated protein of claim 6.
- 28. A diagnostic kit useful for the detection of macular degeneration or a predisposition for macular degeneration containing an anti-C7orf9-, anti-C12orf7-, anti-MPP4 or anti-F379-antibody or a fragment thereof and/or a C7orf9-, C12orf7-, MPP4- or F379-specific nucleic acid probe.
- 29. A transgenic non-human animal comprising at least one nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
  - 30. A transgenic non-human animal comprising at least one inactivated version of the C7orf9, C12orf7, MPP4 or F379 encoding nucleic acid molecule.
  - 31. The transgenic non-human animal of claim 30 which is a mouse or a rat.